MONMOUTH COUNTY REGIONAL HEALTH COMMISSION #1 COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY REPORT OF AUDIT FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Prepared By:
Gerard Stankiewicz, CPA, RMA
Of the Firm of:
Samuel Klein and Company, LLP
Certified Public Accountants
36 West Main Street, Suite 303
Freehold, New Jersey 07728

MONMOUTH COUNTY REGIONAL HEALTH COMMISSION #1 TABLE OF CONTENTS DECEMBER 31, 2022

		<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditor's Report		1-3
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>		4-5
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART I		
Management's Discussion and Analysis		6-13
<u>FINANCIAL STATEMENTS</u>	<u>Exhibit</u>	
Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	A-1 A-2	14 15
Fund Financial Statements		
Government Funds: Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Reconciliation of Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	B-1 B-2	16-17 18-19
in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities	B-3	20
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS		21-48
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART II		
Budgetary Comparison Schedules – General Fund Budget to GAAP Reconciliation Schedule of Grant Expenditures – Actual	C-1 C-2 C-3	49-50 51 52
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION - PART III		
Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Schedule of Contributions Note to Required Supplementary Information	RSI-1 RSI-2 RSI-3	53 54 55
State Health Benefits Local Government Retired Employees Plan Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Schedule of Contributions Note to Required Supplementary Information	RSI-4 RSI-5 RSI-6	56 57 58
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs		59

SAMUEL KLEIN AND COMPANY, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

550 Broad Street, 11th Floor Newark, N.J. 07102-9969 Phone (973) 624-6100 Fax (973) 624-6101 36 West Main Street, Suite 303 Freehold, N.J. 07728-2291 Phone (732) 780-2600 Fax (732) 780-1030

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Chairman and Members of the Board of Trustees Monmouth County Regional Health Commission County of Monmouth Ocean Township, New Jersey

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Monmouth County Regional Health Commission #1, (the "Health Commission") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Health Commission's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements – regulatory basis as a whole are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and auditing standards prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements regulatory basis, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Monmouth County Regional Health
 Commission, State of New Jersey's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements regulatory basis.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Monmouth County Regional Health Commission, State of New Jersey's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Health Commission as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

Other Matters

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information in Exhibit C-1 and C-2, RSI 1-3 related to accounting and reporting for pension and RSI 4-6 related to accounting and reporting related to post-employment benefits be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 2, 2023 on our consideration of the Monmouth County Regional Health Commission internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Monmouth County Regional Health Commission internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Gerard Stankiewicz

Certified Public Accountant

Registered Municipal Accountant #431

SAMUEL KLEIN AND COMPANY, LLP

Freehold, New Jersey October 2, 2023

SAMUEL KLEIN AND COMPANY, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

550 Broad Street, 11th Floor Newark, N.J. 07102-9969 Phone (973) 624-6100 Fax (973) 624-6101 36 WEST MAIN STREET, SUITE 303 FREEHOLD, N.J. 07728-2291 PHONE (732) 780-2600 FAX (732) 780-1030

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Health Commissioners Monmouth County Regional Health Commission #1 1540 West Park Avenue Ocean Township, New Jersey 07712

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Monmouth County Regional Health Commission #1 (the "Health Commission") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 2, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Health Commission's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Commission's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Commission's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Health Commission's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS (CONTINUED)

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Health Commission's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Commission's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Health Commission's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gerard Stankiewicz

Certified Public Accountant

Registered Municipal Accountant #431

SAMUEL KLEIN AND COMPANY, LLP

Freehold, New Jersey October 2, 2023



The discussion and analysis of the Monmouth County Regional Health Commission #1 financial performance provides an overall review of the Commission's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Commission's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the basic financial statements and notes to enhance their understanding of the Commission's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of Required Supplementary Information specified in the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's (GASB) Statement No. 34 – Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments. Certain comparative information between the current year (December 31, 2022) and the prior year (December 31, 2021) is required to be presented in the MD&A.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for 2022 are as follows:

In the Commission Wide Statements:

- General revenues accounted for \$917,780.40 in revenue or 61.82% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and operating grants and contributions accounted for \$566,838.90 or 38.18% of total revenues of \$1,484,619.36.
- Total assets of governmental activities decreased by \$8,036.41. Cash and cash equivalents decreased by \$80,514.74. Capital assets increased by \$4,042.75.
- The Commission had \$1,043,271.64 in expenses; \$566,838.91 of these expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General revenues amounted to \$917,780.40.

In the Fund Financial Statements:

- The General Fund had \$1,065,269.92 in revenues and \$1,120,805.89 in expenditures.
- Overall, the General Fund's fund balance decreased \$57,515.79 from 2021.

Using this Annual Financial Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Commission as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole Commission, presenting both an aggregate view of the Commission's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

Reporting the Commission as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains most of the funds used by the Commission to provide programs and activities, the view of the Commission as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during 2022?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answers this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector businesses. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Commission's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the Commission as a whole, the financial position of the Commission has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial and some not. Non-financial factors include changes in economic conditions, population growth, development and new or changed government regulation.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the Commission has one kind of activity: Governmental activities – All of the Commission's programs and services are reported here.

Reporting the Commission's Funds

Fund Financial Statements

Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the Commission's funds. The Commission uses one fund to account for a multitude of financial transactions. The Commission's governmental fund is the General Fund.

Governmental Funds

The Commission's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future years. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Commission's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the Commission- wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the fund financial statements.

The Commission as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the Commission as a whole. Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The Commission's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets.

Reporting the Commission's Funds (Continued)

Table I provides a summary of the Commission's net position for 2022. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, net position comparisons to fiscal year 2021 are presented.

TABLE 1 - NET POSITION

	2022	2021	Increase/ (Decrease)
Current and Noncurrent Assets	\$ 897,829.53	\$ 889,793.12	\$ 8,036.41
Capital Assets Total Assets	81,652.46 979,481.99	77,609.71 967,402.83	4,042.75 12,079.16
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension Related	313,094.00	178,750.00	134,344.00
OPEB Related	780,864.00	931,336.00	(150,472.00)
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,093,958.00	1,110,086.00	(16,128.00)
Current Liabilities and Accrued Expenses Noncurrent Liabilities:	568,161.96	486,425.76	81,736.20
Net Pension Liability	1,773,750.00	1,335,517.00	438,233.00
Net OPEB Liability	1,823,935.00	2,387,491.00	(563,556.00)
Compensated Absences Payable	65,931.58	56,489.96	9,441.62
Total Liabilities	4,231,778.54	4,265,923.72	(34,145.18)
Deferred Inflows of Resources Pension Related OPEB Related	590,577.00 1,584,064.00	1,296,903.00 1,210,556.00	(706,326.00) 373,508.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,174,641.00	2,507,459.00	(332,818.00)
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	81,652.46	77,609.71	4,042.75
Het of Ivergred Dept	01,002.40	77,000.71	7,072.73
Unrestricted	(4,414,632.01)	(4,287,077.84)	(127,554.17)
Total	\$ (4,332,979.55)	\$ (4,209,468.13)	\$ (123,511.42)

Reporting the Commission's Funds (Continued)

Table 2 shows changes in net position for fiscal year 2022. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, revenue and expense comparisons to fiscal year 2021 is presented to comparatively analyze district-wide data.

TABLE 2 - CHANGES IN NET POSITION

		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		Increase/ (Decrease)
Expenses:						
Salaries	\$	702,723.14	\$	991,340.41	\$	(288, 617.27)
Cost of Operations and Maintenance		459,556.73		290,711.21		168,845.52
Social Security, Pensions, Other Postemployment		364,773.87				364,773.87
Benefits and Other Payroll Taxes				(426, 308. 45)		426,308.45
Lease Obligation		73,709.40		,		73,709.40
Depreciation Expense		9,347.46		12,161.18		(2,813.72)
Total Program Expenses	-	1,610,110.60	-	867,904.35	_	742,206.25
	-				_	
Program Revenues and Operating Grants						
Clinics and Immunizations		2,659.00		1,767.00		892,00
Consortium Fees		60,537.25		102,728.00		(42, 190.75)
Nursing Services		84,293.27		124,061.75		(39,768.48)
Child Lead Exposure Prevention Grant		121,455.40		97,300.03		24,155.37
Strengthen Local Public Health Capacity		204,357.41		286,447.66		(82,090.25)
Vaccination Supplemental Funding Grant		89,968.96		66,316.97		23,651.99
Colts Neck COVID-19 Vaccine Grant 2021		3,567.67		705.88		2,861.79
NJACCHO COVID-19 Grant		,		3,208.00		(3,208.00)
Total Program Revenues and Operating Grants		566,838.96		682,535.29		(115,696.33)
Net Program Expenses	14	1,043,271.64		185,369.06		857,902.58
General Revenues:						
Member Town Assessments		890,792.41		1,006,500.10		(115,707.69)
Fees and Licenses		16,987.50		122,480.00		(105, 492.50)
Special Assessments - Accreditation		10,000.49		·		10,000.49
Interest Income				417.49		(417.49)
Total General Revenues		917,780.40		1,129,397.59		(211,617.19)
Change in Net Position Operating		(125,491.24)		944,028.53	(1,069,519.77)
Nonoperating Revenue		(1,979.82)		10,606.04		(12,585.86)
Change in Net Position	((123,511.42)	-	933,422.49	(1,056,933.91)
Net Position - Beginning (deficit)		(4,209,468.13)	_	(5,142,890.62)		933,422.49
Net Position - Ending (deficit)	\$	(4,332,979.55)	\$	(4,209,468.13)	\$	(123,511.42)

Governmental Activities

As shown in Table 2 the Commission's total revenue from Governmental Activities was \$1,065,269.92. Member Town Assessments made up of \$890,792.41 or 83.62% of these revenues.

Also on Table 2, the total cost of Governmental programs and services was \$1,109,261.10. Salaries, payroll taxes and pension and other post-employment benefits comprise 79.28% of Commission expenses.

General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The Commission prepares and adopts annual budgets. The budget is designed to demonstrate that the cash flows of the Commission for the coming year will be sufficient to cover operating expenses.

Over the course of the year, the Commission revised the annual operating budget as needed. Revisions in the budget were made to recognize revenues that were not anticipated and to prevent over-expenditures in specific line-item accounts. The following table provides a 2022 budgetary comparison:

TABLE 3 - BUDGETARY COMPARISON - GENERAL FUND

	Budget as Modified	3	
Revenues: Member Town Assessments Other Revenue	\$ 814,225.92 348,405.08	\$ 890,792.41 174,477.01	\$ (76,566.49) 173,928.07
Total Revenues	1,162,631.00	1,065,269.42	97,361.58
Appropriations: Salaries and Wages Other Expenses Total Appropriations	525,478.00 736,653.00 1,262,131.00	503,102.79 606,158.31 1,109,261.10	22,375.21 130,494.69 152,869.90
Excess Appropriations over Revenues	(99,500.00)	(43,991.68)	(55,508.32)
Capital Expenditures Fund Balance Generated/(Used)	12,500.00 (112,000.00)	11,544.79 (55,536.47)	955.21 (56,463.53)
Nonoperating: Miscellaneous Revenue Miscellaneous/(Expenditures)		21,746.02 (23,725.84)	(21,746.02) 23,725.84
Fund Balance January 1 (Budgetary Basis)	535,399.36	535,399.36	
Fund Balance December 31 (Budgetary Basis)	\$ 423,399.36	\$ 477,883.07	\$ (54,483.71)

Capital Assets

At the end of the fiscal year 2022, the Commission had \$575,650.53 invested in capital assets. Table 4 shows fiscal year 2022 balances compared to 2021.

TABLE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS AT DECEMBER 31

	2022	<u>2021</u>
Vehicles	\$ 198,042.80	\$ 237,663.59
Computer Equipment	73,915.38	73,915.38
Office Furniture	149,622.61	149,622.61
Other Equipment	98,472.90	73,972.90
Leasehold Improvements	45,911.84	45,911.84
Computer Software	9,685.00	9,685.00
	575,650.53	590,771.32
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	493,998.07	513,161.61
	\$ 81,652.46	\$ 77,609.71

Overall capital assets decreased \$15,120.79 from 2021 to 2022. For more detailed information, please refer to the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Debt Administration

At December 31, 2022, the Commission had \$3,663,616.58 of outstanding debt as follows:

Compensated Absences – at the end of the current year, the liability for compensated absences was \$65,931.58. Compensated absences are those absences for which employees will be paid upon leaving the Commission. Payments are budgeted and paid upon an employee leaving the commission. See Note 4 to the financial statements for additional information.

Net Pension Liability – at the end of the current year, the liability for the net pension liability was \$1,773,750.00. The Commission's annual required contribution to the Public Employees' Retirement System is budgeted and paid on an annual basis. See Note 6 to the financial statements for additional information.

Other Post-Employment Benefits – at the end of the year, the liability as discussed in the Independent Auditor's Report, the actuarial calculation for Other Post Retirement Benefits as of June 30, 2022 was \$1,823,935.00.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) – See Note 7 to the Financial Statements for additional information.

Contacting the Commission

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Monmouth County Regional Health Commission #1's finances for all of those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Monmouth County Regional Health Commission #1, 1540 West Park Avenue, Ocean, New Jersey 07712.



COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION As of December 31, 2022

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Assets:	\$ 880,463.65
Cash	
Accounts Receivable	14,852.75 2,513.13
Inventory	81,652.46
Capital Assets, Net	61,032.40
Total Assets	\$979,481.99
Deferred Outflows of Resources:	
Related to Pensions	\$ 313,094.00
Related to OPEB	780,864.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$1,093,958.00
Liabilities:	
Current:	
Accounts Payable:	
Other	\$ 39,110.94
Pensions	148,216.00
Due to Grant Fund	42,768.12
Unearned Revenue	334,514.47
Payroll and Taxes Payable	3,552.43
	\$568,161.96
Noncurrent:	
Due beyond one year:	
Net Pension Liability	\$ 1,773,750.00
Net OPEB Liability	1,823,935.00
Compensated Absences Payable	65,931.58
	\$3,663,616.58
Total Liabilities	\$4,231,778.54
Deferred Inflows of Resources:	
Related to Pensions	\$ 590,577.00
Related to OPEB	1,584,064,00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$2,174,641.00
Net Position:	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 81,652.46
Unrestricted	(4,414,632.01)
Total Net Position	\$ (4,332,979.55)

MONMOUTH COUNTY REGIONAL HEALTH COMMISSION #1 COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Expenses:		
Salaries	\$	702,723.14
Cost of Operations and Maintenance		459,556.73
Social Security, Pensions, Other Postemployment		364,773.87
Benefits and Other Payroll Taxes, Net		
Lease Obligation		73,709.40
Depreciation Expense	3	9,347.46
Total Program Expenses		1,610,110.60
Program Revenues and Operating Grants		
Clinics and Immunizations		2,659.00
Consortium Fees		60,537.25
Nursing Services		84,293.27
Child Lead Exposure Prevention Grant		121,455.40
Strengthen Local Public Health Capacity		204,357.41
Vaccination Supplemental Funding Grant		89,968.96
Colts Neck COVID-19 Vaccine Grant 2021		3,567.67
Total Program Revenues and Operating Grants	2	566,838.96
Net Program Expenses	7	1,043,271.64
General Revenues:		
Member Town Assessments		890,792.41
Fees and Licenses		16,987.50
Interest Income		10,000.49
Total General Revenues	-	917,780.40
Change in Net Position before Non-operating		(125,491.24)
Nonoperating Revenue/(Charges)	-	(1,979.82)
Change in Net Position after Nonoperating		(123,511.42)
Net Position - Beginning (deficit)	-	(4,209,468.13)
Net Position - Ending (deficit)	\$ =	(4,332,979.55)

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2022

		General Fund
Assets:		
Cash	\$	880,463.65
Accounts Receivable, Net		14,852.75
Inventory		2,513.13
Total Assets	\$_	897,829.53
	_	
Liabilities and Fund Balance:		
Accounts Payable	\$	39,110.94
Payroll and Taxes Payable		3,552.43
Interfund Payable - Due to Grant Fund		42,768.12
Unearned Revenue	_	334,514.47
Total Liabilities		419,945.96
Fund Balances:		
Nonexpendable:		
Inventory		2,513.13
Assigned to:		
Encumbrances		
Capital Acquisitions		8,928.01
Homeland Security		25,000.00
Insurance		10,000.00
Unassigned	_	431,442.43
Total Fund Balances		477,883.57
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$_	897,829.53

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS As of December 31, 2022

Total Fund Balances (Brought Forward)		\$	477,883.57
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of			
Net Position (A-1) are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources			
and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Cost of Assets \$	575,650.53		
Accumulated Depreciation	(493,998.07)		
			81,652.46
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable, and other related			
amounts that are not due and payable in the current period and			
therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.			
Net Pension Liability \$	(1,773,750.00)		
Net OPEB Liability	(1,823,935.00)		
Compensated Absences	(65,931.58)		
			(3,663,616.58)
Deferred Outflows and Inflows of resources are applicable to future periods			
and therefore are not reported in the funds.			
Pensions:			
Deferred Outflows:			
Pension related \$	313,094.00		
OPEB related	780,864.00		
			1,093,958.00
Deferred Inflows:			
Pension related \$	(590,577.00)		
OPEB related	(1,584,064.00)		
			(2,174,641.00)
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore,			
are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Accounts Payable - Pension Related		_	(148,216.00)
Net Position/(Deficit) of Governmental Activities		\$ =	(4,332,979.55)

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

$\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES}}{\text{GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}$

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		General Fund		Grant Fund		Total
Operating Revenues:						
Miscellaneous Revenues Anticipated:						
Member Town Assessments	\$	890,792.41			\$	890,792.41
Fees and Licenses		16,987.50				16,987.50
Clinics and Immunizations		2,659.00				2,659.00
Consortium Fees		60,537.25				60,537.25
Nursing Services		84,293.27				84,293.27
Interest Income		10,000.49				10,000.49
Grants:						
Child Lead Exposure Prevention Grant			\$	121,455.40		121,455.40
Strengthen Local Public Health Capacity				189,932.60		189,932.60
Vaccination Supplemental Funding Grant				89,968.96		89,968.96
Colts Neck COVID-19 Vaccine Grant 2021				3,567.67		3,567.67
SLPH IDPG Grant	_			14,424.81		14,424.81
Total Revenues	_	1,065,269.92	_	419,349.44	_	1,484,619.36
Expenditures:						
Operating Appropriations:						
Salaries	\$_	503,102.79	\$	199,620.35	\$	702,723.14
Benefits				50 4E0 E4		110 200 10
Group Health		66,900.73		52,479.76		119,380.49
Social Security		34,341.08		4,347.27		38,688.35
Other(waiver of health benefits)		5,000.00				5,000.00
Public Employees Retirement System	-	132,026.00	-		_	132,026.00
Total Benefits	_	238,267.81	_	56,827.03	_	295,094.84
Other Expenses:						
Commissioners		1,006.80				1,006.80
Administration		7,892.20				7,892.20
Finance		47,574.58				47,574.58
Audit		7,500.00				7,500.00
Data Processing		6,310.19				6,310.19
Legal		129,309.40				129,309.40
Inspections		2,325.74				2,325.74
Lead Services		15.98				15.98
Liability Insurance		18,671.59				18,671.59
Consortium		1,260.31				1,260.31
Clinics		9,804.00				9,804.00
Maintenance of Equipment		4,794.81				4,794.81
Buildings and Grounds		8,749.07				8,749.07
Veterinary Services		1,750.00				1,750.00
Nursing		29,608.00				29,608.00
Postage		888.08				888.08
Electric		4,371.91				4,371.91
Telephone		5,783.37				5,783.37
Contracted Services				83,965.92		83,965.92
Supplies		3.26		30,465.74		30,465.74
Equipment				13,445.59		13,445.59

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

$\frac{\text{STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES}}{\text{GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS}}$

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

		General Fund		Grant Fund		<u>Total</u>
Expenditures Continued:						
Operating Appropriations Continued: Other Expenses Continued:						
Other Employment Payroll Taxes	\$	3,148.19			\$	3,148.19
Professional Services	4	5,2 (5,2)	\$	32,094.57	-	32,094.57
Other				2,930.24		2,930.24
Natural Gas		1,535.25				1,535.25
Fuel		1,756.63				1,756.63
EZ Pass		125.00				125.00
Office Lease	_	73,709.40	-		-	73,709.40
Total Other Expenses		367,890.50		162,902.06		530,792.56
Total Other Emperiors	_	33,,33			_	
2 1 17 1						
Capital Expenditures Automobiles		11 100 70				11,109.79
Automobiles Computer Equipment		11,109.79 435.00				435.00
Computer Equipment	_	433.00	-		-	433,00
	_	11,544.79	_	-	_	11,544.79
Total Expenditures	\$_	1,120,805.89	\$	419,349.44	\$_	1,540,155.33
Excess Revenue over Expenses		(55,535.97)		-		(55,535.97)
•		, ,				
Nonoperating Revenue:					•	0. 546.00
Miscellaneous Income	\$	21,746.02			\$	21,746.02
Miscellaneous (Expenses)		(14,140.41)				(14,140.41) (9,585.43)
Inventory Change	-	(9,585.43)	-		-	(9,363.43)
Total Miscellaneous Revenue	_	(1,979.82)		-		(1,979.82)
Net Change in Fund Balance		(57,515.79)		-		(57,515.79)
Fund Balance - January 1	_	535,399.36			_	535,399.36
Fund Balance - December 31	\$_	477,883.57	\$	64	\$_	477,883.57

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Total Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds (B-2)	\$	(57,515.79)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (A-2) are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, on the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period. Depreciation Expense Depreciable Capital Outlays	\$ (9,347.46) 24,500.00	15,152.54
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses (e.g. compensated absences, and pension), are measured by the amounts incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are reported in the amount of financial resources used (paid). when the incurred amount exceeds the paid amount, the differences is a reduction in the reconciliation (-); when the paid amount exceeds the incurred amount, the difference is an addition to the reconciliation (+).		
(Increase) Decrease in Compensated Absences Payable		(11,215.62)
 (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows and Outflows related to Pensions and (Increase)/Decrease in Pension Liabilities net. (Increase) Decrease in Deferred Inflows and Outflows related to OPEB and (Increase)/Decrease in OPEB Liabilities net. 		386,247.00 (456,179.55)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (A-2)	\$	(123,511.42)



NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Monmouth County Regional Health Commission #1 (the "Commission") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASS) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the Commission's accounting policies are described below:

Reporting Entity

The Monmouth County Local Health Unit #2 Advisory Board held its organizational meeting on October 9, 1936. The Advisory Board was comprised of delegates from the Boards of Health of each Commission represented. The purpose for which the Board was formed was to consider the advisability of policy and activities in each of the Commissions and the Unit as a whole. On January 29, 1947, the organization reorganized and changed its name to the Monmouth County Regional Health Commission #1. The Commission operates as an association of boards of health pursuant to an act of the Legislature of the State of New Jersey, entitled "Health and Vital Statistics", N.J.S.A. 26:3-83 et seq., and any amendments and supplements thereto. The regional health commission arranges annually with each participating board of health the nature and amount of public services to be furnished and the sum to be paid for such services. It reports annually to each participating board of health and to the State Department of Health.

The primary criterion for including activities within the Commission's reporting entity, are set forth in Statement No. 39 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board entitled "Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units" (GASB 39), as codified in Section 2100 of the GASB Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards.

Organizations that are legally separate, tax-exempt entities and meet *all* of the following criteria should be discretely presented as component units. These criteria are:

- 1. The economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government.
- 2. The primary government or its component unit is entitled to or has the ability to otherwise access a majority of the economic resources of the organization.
- 3. The economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The combined financial statements include all funds of the Commission over which the Board exercises operating control. There were no additional entities required to be included in the reporting entity under the criteria as described above, in the current fiscal year. Furthermore, the Commission is not includable in any other reporting entity on the basis of such criteria.

Basis of Presentation

The Commission's basic financial statements consist of Commission-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Commission-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Commission as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall Commission.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Commission at year end.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Member town assessments and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: Separate financial statements are provided for the Commission's government funds.

Governmental Funds

General Fund – The general fund is the general operating fund and is the only fund currently utilized the Commission and is used to account for all expendable financial resources.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Basis of Accounting-Measurement Focus

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported in the financial statements.

Commission-wide Financial Statements: The Commission-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Member town assessments are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are assessed. Grants and similar items ae recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transactions can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Budgets/Budgetary Control

An annual budget is prepared each year for the operations of the Commission. The Commission's policy is to adopt a budget in November for the upcoming year. Eight affirmative votes from the Board are required to adopt the budget. Budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Formal budgetary integration into the accounting system is employed as a management control device during the year.

All budget amounts presented in the accompanying supplementary information reflect the original budget and the amended budget (which have been adjusted for legally authorized revisions of the annual budgets during the year).

Appropriations except remaining project appropriations, encumbrances and unexpended grant appropriations, lapse at the end of each fiscal year. For governmental funds, there are no substantial differences between the budgetary basis of accounting and generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) below. Encumbrance accounting is also employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the governmental fund types. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at fiscal yearend.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Encumbrance Accounting

Under encumbrance accounting purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditures of resources are recorded to reserve a portion of the applicable appropriation. Open encumbrances in governmental funds are reported as assigned fund balances at fiscal yearend as they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities but rather commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods and services.

The encumbered appropriation authority carries over into the next fiscal year. An entry will be made at the beginning of the next fiscal year to increase the appropriation reflected in the certified budget by the outstanding encumbrance amount as of the current fiscal year end.

Inventories and Prepaid Expenses

Inventories are expensed at the time of purchase in the budgetary statements. Inventories of vaccines are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis in the Commission-wide statements and the governmental funds. Inventory in the governmental funds are offset by Nonspendable Fund Balance equal to the amount of the inventory. There is no offset in the Commission-wide financial statements.

Prepaid expenses which benefit future periods are recorded as expenditures in the year of purchase.

Capital Assets

The Commission has an established formal system of accounting for its capital assets. Capital Assets which include vehicles, equipment and leasehold improvements are only reported in the district-wide financial statements. The Commission generally defines capital assets as assets with an initial cost of \$1,000.00 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Capital Assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their estimated fair value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated in the commission-wide statements using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets are depreciated in the commission-wide statements using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated Life
Vehicles	5
Computer Equipment	5
Computer Software	5
Office Furniture and Equipment	5-12
Office and Computer Equipment	5
Other Equipment	8
Leasehold Improvements	7

Compensated Absences

The Commission accounts for compensated absences (e.g., unused vacation, sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences." A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Commission employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Commission's personnel policy and/or collective bargaining unit contracts. Upon termination, employees are paid for accrued vacation and sick leave.

The liability for compensated absences was accrued using the termination payment method, whereby the liability is calculated based on the amount of sick leave and vacation days that are expected to become eligible for payment upon termination. The Commission estimates its accrued compensated absences liability based on the accumulated sick and vacation days at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments.

For the commission-wide statements, the current portion is the amount estimated to be used in the following year. For the governmental funds in the fund financial statements, a liability is reported only for to the extent of the amount actually due at year end as a result of employee resignations/retirements. Compensated absences are a reconciling item between the fund level and commission-wide presentations.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Equity

Fund balance restrictions are used to indicate that portion of the fund balance that is not available for expenditures or is legally segregated for a specific future use. Designation of portions of the fund balances are established to indicate tentative plans for financial utilization in a future period. The unassigned fund balances represent the amount available for future budgetary operations.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u>

Unearned revenue represents funds which have been received but not yet earned.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported on the commission-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds. However, contractually required pension contributions and compensated absences that are paid from governmental funds are reported as liabilities on the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year.

Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the Commission or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The Commission's policy is to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

Fund Balance Restrictions

GASB Statement 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions" modifies fund balance reporting and clarifies fund type definitions. This Statement aims to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance clarifications that can be applied more consistently.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance Restrictions (Continued)

Under the standard, in the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the following classifications of fund balance:

Nonspendable - includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not spendable in form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u> – includes amounts restricted by external sources (creditors, laws of other governments, etc.) or by constitutional provision or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u> – includes amounts that can only be used for specific purposes. Committed fund balance is reported pursuant to resolutions passed by the Board of Commissioners, the Commission's highest level of decision making authority. Commitments may be modified or rescinded only through resolutions approved by the Board of Commissioners. The Commission reports amounts Designated for Subsequent Year's Expenditures as Committed Fund balance.

<u>Assigned</u> – includes amounts that the Commission intends to use for a specific purpose, but do not meet the definition of restricted or committed fund balance. The Commission reports Year End Encumbrances as Assigned Fund Balance.

<u>Unassigned</u> — is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the Commission considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance are available, the Commission considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds as needed.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Allocation of Indirect Expenses

Due to the nature of the activities of the Commission, the Commission does not report direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a function. The budgetary comparison schedule details the various expense allocations. The Commission was created to provide health services to member towns. All expenses are related to the function of providing health services.

Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Extraordinary and Special Items

Extraordinary items are transactions or events that are unusual in nature and infrequent of occurrence. Special items are transactions or events that are within control of management and are either unusual in nature or infrequent in occurrence. Neither of these types of transactions occurred during the fiscal year.

Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions

In the Commission-Wide Financial Statements for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Commission's proportionate share of the New Jersey Public Employees Retirement System ("PERS") and the additions to/deductions from this retirement system fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

In the Governmental Fund Financial Statements the year end Net pension liability is not required to be reflected. Pension related revenues and expenditures are reflected based on amounts that are normally expected to be liquidated with available financial resources for required pension contributions. Expenditures for PERS are recognized based upon billings made by the State of New Jersey due April 1st of each fiscal year.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Currently, the Commission has only two items that qualify for reporting in this category, deferred amounts related to pensions and deferred amounts related to Other Post Retirement Benefits.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Currently, the Commission has only two items that qualify for reporting in this category, deferred amounts related to pensions and deferred amounts related to Other Post Retirement Benefits.

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The Commission considers petty cash, change funds, cash in banks, and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less as cash and cash equivalents. Investments are stated at cost which approximates market.

Deposits

Although the Commission is not required to report to or follow statutes of the State of New Jersey, the Commission has adopted a cash management plan that mirrors the regulations for New Jersey municipalities. New Jersey statutes permit the deposit of public funds in public depositories which are located in New Jersey and which meet the requirements of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). requires a bank that accepts public funds to be a public depository. A public depository is defined as a state bank, a national bank, or a savings bank, which is located in the State of New Jersey, the deposits of which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The statutes also require public depositories to maintain collateral for deposits of public funds that exceed certain insurance limits. Each depository participating in the GUDPA system must pledge collateral equal to 5% of the average amount of its public deposits and 100% of the average amount of its public funds in excess of 75% of its capital funds. No collateral is required for amounts covered by FDIC insurance. The collateral which may be pledged to support these deposits includes obligations of the State and federal governments, insured securities and other collateral approved by the Department.

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Deposits (Continued)

When the capital position of the depository deteriorates or the depository takes an unusually large amount of public deposits, the Department of Banking and Insurance requires additional collateral to be pledged. Under (GUDPA), if a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of the deposits to the governmental unit.

At December 31, 2022, the Commission's deposits had a carrying amount of \$911,358.50.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the deposits may not be returned. The Commission does not have a specific deposit policy for custodial credit risk other than those policies that adhere to the requirements of statute. As of December 31, 2022, based upon the coverage provided by FDIC and NJGUDPA, no amount of the bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk. Of the cash on balance in the bank of \$911,358.50, \$250,000.00 was covered by Federal Depository Insurance and \$661,135.85 was covered under the provisions of NJGUDPA.

Investments

The types of investments which may be purchased by the Commission are not restricted as the do no report to the State of New Jersey or any other regulatory agency. The Commission has adopted a cash management plan in accordance with New Jersey statutes as it relates to municipalities. Permitted investments include any of the following type of securities:

- 1. Bonds or other obligations of the United States of America or obligations guaranteed by the United States of America.
- 2. Government money market mutual funds which are purchased from an investment company or investment trust which is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission under the "Investment Company Act of 1940," 15 U.S.C. 80a1 et seq., and operated in accordance with 17 C.F.R. § 270.2a7 and which portfolio is limited to U.S. Government securities that meet the definition of an eligible security pursuant to 17 C.F.R. § 270.2a7 and repurchase agreements that are collateralized by such U.S. Government securities in which direct investment may be made pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (3) of N.J.S.A. 18A:2037. These funds are also required to be rated by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

NOTE 2: CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments (Continued)

- 3. Any obligation that a federal agency or a federal instrumentality has issued in accordance with an act of Congress, which security has a maturity date not greater than 397 days from the date of purchase, provided that such obligation bears a fixed rate of interest not dependent on any index or other external factor.
- 4. Bonds or other obligations of the Local Unit or bonds or other obligations of school districts of which the Local Unit is a part or within which the school district is located.
- 5. Bonds or other obligations, having a maturity date not more than 397 days from date of purchase, approved by the Division of Investment of the Department of Treasury for investment by Local Units.
- 6. Local government investment pools that are fully invested in U.S. Government securities that meet the definition of eligible security pursuant to 17 C.F.R. § 270a7 and repurchase agreements that are collateralized by such U.S. Government securities in which direct investment may be made pursuant to paragraphs (1) and (3) of N.J.S.A. 18A:2037. This type of investment is also required to be rated in the highest category by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.
- 7. Deposits with the State of New Jersey Cash Management Fund established pursuant to section 1 of P.L. 1977, c.281 C. 52:18A-90.4); or
- 8. Agreements for the repurchase of fully collateralized securities if:
 - a. the underlying securities are permitted investments pursuant to paragraphs (1) and
 (3) of this subsection;
 - b. the custody of collateral is transferred to a third party;
 - c. the maturity of the agreement is not more than 30 days;
 - d. the underlying securities are purchased through a public depository as defined in section 1 of P.L. 1970, c.236C. 17:1941; and
 - e. a master repurchase agreement providing for the custody and security of collateral is executed.

NOTE 3: INTERGOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

The Intergovernmental accounts receivable as of December 31, 2022 is as follows:

General Fund:

Member Assessment

\$ 14,852.75

NOTE 4: INVENTORY

Inventory at December 31, 2022 consisted of the following:

Vaccines

\$ 2,513.13

NOTE 5: INTERFUNDS RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE

Interfund Receivable and Payable balances at December 31, 2022 were as follows and will be liquidated in the normal course of business.

Interfund Interfund Receivable Payable

Fund:

General

\$ 42,768.13

Grant

\$ 42,768.13

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		<u>Additions</u>		Transfers		Ending <u>Balance</u>
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets being Depreciated:							
Vehicles	\$ 226,553.80		31	\$	28,511.00	\$	198,042.80
Computer Equipment	73,915.38						73,915.38
Computer Software	9,685.00						9,685.00
Office Furniture and Equipment	149,622.61						149,622.61
Other Equipment	73,972.90	\$	24,500.00				98,472.90
Leasehold Improvements	45,911.84						45,911.84
	579,661.53		24,500.00		28,511.00		575,650.53
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	513,161.61		9,347.46		28,511.00		493,998.07
Governmental Activities -							
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 66,499.92	_\$_	15,152.54	_\$_		_\$_	81,652.46

Note 7: <u>UNEARNED REVENUE</u>

The Commission's Statement of Net Position reflects Unearned Revenue as of December 31, 2022 is as follows:

COVID-19 Fund \$334,514.47

Note 8: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

As of December 31, 2022 the Commission long-term liabilities is as follows:

	Balance December 31, <u>2021</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Reductions	Balance December 31, <u>2022</u>
Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability	\$ 56,489.96 1,335,517.00 2,387,491.00	\$ 9,441.62 438,233.00	\$ 563,556.00	\$ 65,931.58 1,773,750.00 1,823,935.00
	\$ 3,779,497.96	\$ 447,674.62	\$ 563,556.00	\$ 3,663,616.58

NOTE 9: PENSION PLANS

<u>Description of Plans</u> – All required employees of the Commission are covered by the Public Employees' Retirement System, or the Defined Contribution Retirement Program which have been established by state statute and are administered by the New Jersey Division of Pension and Benefits (Division). According to the State of New Jersey Administrative Code, all obligations of each system will be assumed by the State of New Jersey should the system terminate. The Division issues a publicly available financial report that includes the financial statements and required supplementary information for each of the above systems. These reports may be obtained by writing to the Division of Pensions and Benefits, PO Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey, 08625 or online at www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

<u>Public Employees" Retirement System (PERS)</u> – The Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) was established as of January 1, 1955 under the provision of N.J.S.A. 43: 15A to provide retirement, death, disability and medical benefits to certain qualified members. The Public Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan. Membership is mandatory for substantially all full-time employees of the State of New Jersey or any county, municipality, school district, or public agency, provided the employee is not required to be a member of another state administered retirement system or other state or local jurisdiction.

NOTE 9: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP)</u> – The Defined Contribution Retirement Program (DCRP) was established under the provision of Chapter 92, P.L. 2007 and Chapter 103, P.L. 2007 to provide coverage elected and certain appointed officials, effective July 1, 2007. Membership is mandatory for such individuals with vesting occurring after one year of membership.

Significant Legislation

Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78 enacted certain changes in the operations and benefit provisions of the PERS system.

As a result of these changes new members of PERS hired on or after June 28, 2011 will need 30 years of creditable service and have attained the age of 65 for receipt of the early retirement benefit without a reduction of 1/4 of 1% for each month that the member is under age 65. New members will be eligible for a service retirement benefit at age 65.

Funding Changes

Under the new legislation, the methodology for calculating the unfunded accrued liability payment portion of the employer's annual pension contribution to the PERS was changed. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) will be amortized for the plan over an open-ended 30 year period and paid in level dollars.

COLA Suspension

The payment of automatic cost-of-living adjustment to current and future retirees and beneficiaries are suspended until reactivated as permitted by this law.

<u>Vesting and Benefit Provisions</u> – The vesting and benefit provisions of PERS are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and 43.38. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for post-retirement healthcare benefits that vest after 25 years of service.

Members are always fully vested for their own contributions and, after three years of service credit, become vested for 2% of related interest earned on the contributions. In the case of death before retirement, members' beneficiaries are entitled to full interest credited to the members' accounts.

NOTE 9: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

<u>Contribution Requirements</u> – The contribution policy is set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. Plan member and employer contributions may be amended by State of New Jersey legislation.

Effective June 28, 2011, P.L. 2011, c. 78 provides for increases in the employee contribution rates from 5.5% to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over 7 years beginning in the first year, meaning after 12 months, after the law's effective date for PERS.

Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate in PERS. The actuarially determined contribution includes funding for cost-of-living adjustments, noncontributory death benefits and post-retirement medical premiums.

	Three Year Trend Information for PERS						
Year Ended June 30,	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation				
2022 2021 2020	\$ 132,026.00 132,950.00 134,684.00	100% 100% 100%	- 0 - - 0 - - 0 -				

Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - GASB 68

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASS) has issued Statement No. 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Public Employees Pensions" which requires the State of New Jersey to calculate and allocate, for note disclosure purposes only, the unfunded net pension liability of Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) and the Police and Firemen's Retirement System (PFRS) of the participating municipality as of December 31, 2022. The statement does not alter the amounts of funds that must be budgeted for pension payments under existing state law.

Under accounting principles and practices prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, any unfunded net pension liability of the municipality, allocated by the State of New Jersey, is not required to be reported in the financial statements as presented and any pension contributions required to be paid are raised in that year's budget and no liability is accrued at December 31, 2022.

NOTE 9: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

At June 30, 2022, the State reported a net pension liability of \$1,773,750.00 for the Commission's proportionate share of the total net pension liability. The total pension liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022. The Commission's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Commission's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The portion of PERS liability that was associated with the Commission recognized is as follows:

June 30 (<i>Measurement Date</i>)				
	2022		<u>2021</u>	
\$	1,773,750.00	\$	1,335,517.00	

The proportion of PERS liability that was associated with the Commission recognized is as follows:

June 30 (<i>Measur</i>	rement Date)
2022	<u>2021</u>
0.011753399 %	0.011273518 %

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the State recognized an actuarially determined pension benefit of \$386,247.00 for the Commission's proportionate share of the total pension expense. The pension liability recognized in the Commission's financial statements based on the April 1, 2023 billing was \$148,216.00.

NOTE 9: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Net difference between projected and actual investment	\$ 12,802.00 5,496.00	\$ 11,290.00 265,601.00
earnings on pension plan investment Changes in proportion Commission contributions subsequent to yearend	73,414.00 73,166.00 148,216.00	313,686.00
Total	\$ 313,094	\$ 590,577

The \$148,216.00 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Commission contributions subsequent to the measurement date (i.e. for the year ending June 30, 2022, the plan measurement date is June 30, 2021) will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022.

Other local amounts reported by the State as the Commission's proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the State's actuarially calculated pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30.	Amount
2023	\$ (150,873)
2024	(76,865)
2025	(37,485)
2026	81,779
2027	(180)

NOTE 9: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2022 measurement date was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which rolled forward to June 30, 2022. These actuarial valuations used the following assumptions:

Inflation Rate:

Price 2.75% Wage 3.25%

Salary Increases: 2.75% – 6.55% (based on years of service)

Investment Rate of Return 7.00%

Pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below Median Income Employee mortality table with an 82.2% adjustment for males and 101.4% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 General Below-Median Income Healthy Retiree mortality table with a 91.4% adjustment for males and 99.7% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Disability retirement rates used to value disabled retirees were based on the Pub-2010 Non-Safety Disabled Retiree mortality table with a 127.7% adjustment for males and 117.2% adjustment for females, and with future improvement from the base year of 2010 on a generational basis. Mortality improvement is based on Scale MP-2021.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021.

NOTE 9: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Long-Term Rate of Return

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.00% at June 30, 2022) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investment and Division of Pensions and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries. The long-term expected rate of return was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic rates of return for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target <u>Allocation</u>	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity	27.00 %	8.12 %
Non-U.S. Developed Markets Equity	13.50	8.38
Emerging Market Equities	5.50	10.33
Private Equity	13.00	11.80
Real Assets	3.00	7.60
Real Estate	8.00	11.19
High Yield	4.00	4.95
Private Credit	8.00	8.10
Investment Grade Credit	7.00	3.38
Cash Equivalents	4.00	1.75
U.S. Treasuries	4.00	1.75
Risk Mitigation Strategies	3.00	4.91

NOTE 9: PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00% as of June 30, 2022. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers and the nonemployer contributing entity will be based on 100% of the actuarially determined contributions for the State employer and 100% of actuarially determined contributions for the local employers. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to all projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the Commission's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability to Changes in</u> the Discount Rate

The following presents the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability of the participating employers as of June 30, 2022 respectively, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the Commission's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1- percentage point higher than the current rate:

	June 30, 2022 [Measurement Date]					
	At Current					
	1% Decrease <u>6.00%</u>			Discount Rate		1% Increase
				<u>7.00%</u>	<u>8.00%</u>	
Commission's proportionate share of the pension liability	\$	2,991,550	\$	1,773,750	\$	1,343,975

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position.

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Financial Report for the State of New Jersey Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). The report may be obtained at State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits, P.O. Box 295, Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295 http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

NOTE 10: GASB #75 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" which is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. This statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and expenses for postemployment benefits other than pensions. OPEB obligations are non-pension benefits that the commission has contractually or otherwise agreed to provide employees once they have retired and, in most instances, will be for retirement health, prescription and dental insurance coverage.

Under current New Jersey budget requirements, the commission is not required to fund any amounts in excess of their current costs on a pay-as-you-go basis.

Plan Description and Benefits Provided

The State Health Benefit Local Government Retired Employees Plan (the Plan) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. It covers employees of local government employers that have adopted a resolution to participate in the Plan. The Plan meets the definition of an equivalent arrangement as defined in paragraph 4 of GASS Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for the Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions; therefore, assets are accumulated to pay associated benefits.

The Plan provides medical and prescription drug coverage to retirees and their covered dependents of the employers. Under the provisions of Chapter 88, P.L. 1974 and Chapter 48, P.L. 1999, local government employers electing to provide postretirement medical coverage to their employees must file a resolution with the Division. Under Chapter 88, local employers elect to provide benefit coverage based on the eligibility rules and regulations promulgated by the State Health Benefits Commission. Chapter 48 allows local employers to establish their own age and service eligibility for employer paid health benefits coverage for retired employees.

Under Chapter 48, the employer may assume the cost of postretirement medical coverage for employees and their dependents who: 1) retired on a disability pension; or 2) retired with 25 or more years of service credit in a State or locally administered retirement system and a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer at the time of retirement as established by the employer; or 3) retired and reached the age of 65 with 25 or more years of service credit in a State or locally administered retirement system and a period of service of up to 25 years with the employer at the time of retirement as established by the employer; or 4) retired and reached age 62 with at least 15 years of service with the employer. Further, the law provides that the employer paid obligations for retiree coverage may be determined by means of a collective negotiations' agreement.

NOTE 10: GASB #75 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Plan Description and Benefits Provided (Continued)

Pursuant to Chapter 78, P.L, 2011, future retirees eligible for postretirement medical coverage who have less than 20 years of creditable service on June 28, 2011 will be required to pay a percentage of the cost of their health care coverage in retirement provided they retire with 25 or more years of pension service credit. The percentage of the premium for which the retiree will be responsible will be determined based on the retiree's annual retirement benefit and level of coverage.

Contributions

The Commission's contributions to SHBP for retired employees and the number of covered retired employees for the years ended December 31, 22, 2021 and 2020 were \$2,288.16, \$1,861.92 and \$2,483.69, respectively, which equaled the required contributions for each year.

Total OPEB Liability

At June 30, 2022, the Plan reported a liability of \$1,823,935 for the Commission's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability. The total OPEB liability measured as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021, which was rolled forward to June 30, 2022.

The Commission's proportion of the OPEB liability was based on the ratio of the plan members of an individual employer to the total members of the Plan's nonspecial funding situation during the measurement period July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022.

The portion of OPEB liability that was associated with the Commission recognized is as follows:

June 30 (<i>Me</i>	asuremei	nt Date)	
2022		2021	
\$ 1,823,935.00	\$	2,387,491.00	

The proportion of OPEB liability that was associated with the Commission recognized is as follows:

	June 30 (<i>Measureme</i>	ent Date)
202	2	2021
0.01	1294 %	0.013264 %

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Commission reported an OPEB benefit of \$39,576. This OPEB expense was based on the OPEB plans June 30, 2022 measurement date.

NOTE 10: GASB #75 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Total OPEB Liability (Continued)

At June 30, 2022 the Commission reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Οι	Deferred utflows of esources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual investment	\$	94,190 243,412	\$	338,080 622,474
earnings on OPEB plan investment		480		
Changes in proportion		442,782		623,510
Total	\$	780,864	_\$	1,584,064

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Measurement Period Ending June 30,

2023	\$ (165,274)
2024	(165,420)
2025	(130,630)
2026	(58,340)
2027	(13,080)
Total Thereafter	(89,728)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

NOTE 10: GASB #75 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (Continued)

Inflation Rate:

Price 2.50%

Salary Increases:

Public Employees Retirement System (PERS)

2.75% to 6.55% Based on years of

service

Mortality

PERS – Pub-2010 General Classification headcount weighted mortality with fully generational mortality improvement projections from the central year using scale MP-2021.

Actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the PERS experience study prepared for July 1, 2018 to June 30, 2021. 100% of active members are considered to participate in the Plan upon retirement.

Healthcare Trend Assumptions

For pre-Medicare medical benefits, the trend is 6.25% and decreases to a 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For post-65 medical benefits, the actual fully insured Medicare Advantage trend rates for fiscal year 2019 through 2023 are reflected. The rates used for 2023 and 2024 are 21.83% and 18.53%, respectively, trending to 4.5% for all future years. For prescription drug benefits, the initial trend rate is 8.00% and decrease to 4.5% long-term trend rate after seven years. For Plan Year 2023 the Medicare Advantage trend rate includes an assumed increase in the premiums based on recent experience and discussions with the Medicare Advantage vendor. The assumed post-65 medical trend is 4.50% for all future years.

Discount Rate

The discount rate for June 30, 2022 was 3.54%. This represents the municipal bond return rate as chosen by the State. The source is the Bond Buyer Go 20- Bond Municipal Bond Index, which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. As the long-term rate of return is less than the municipal bond rate, it is not considered in the calculation of the discount rate, rather the discount rate is set at the municipal bond rate.

^{*} Salary increases are based on service with the respective plan.

NOTE 10: GASB #75 - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

<u>Sensitivity of the Commission's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in</u> the Discount Rate

The following presents the OPEB liability associated with the Commission as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

		June 30, 2022 [Measurement Date]							
		At Current							
		1% Decrease	[Discount Rate		1% Increase			
		<u>2.54%</u>		<u>3.54%</u>		<u>4.54%</u>			
Commission's proportionate share	•	2 444 200	¢	1 902 025	\$	1.590.303			
of the OPEB liability	Ф	2,114,308	Φ	1,823,935	Φ	1,590,505			

Sensitivity of the Commission's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in Healthcare Trends

The following presents the total OPEB liability associated with the Commission as of June 30, 2022, calculated using the healthcare trend rate as disclosed above as well as what the OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a healthcare trend rate that is 1- percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	June 30, 2022 [Measurement Date]								
	At Current Healthcare								
		1% Decrease		Trend Rate	,-	1% Increase			
Commission's proportionate share of the OPEB liability	\$	1.547.299	\$	1.823.935	\$	2.178.228			
of the of Lb hability	Ψ	1,011,200	Ψ	1,020,000	_	_,,			

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Financial Report for the State of New Jersey State Health Benefits Local Government Retired Employees Plan. The report may be obtained at State of New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits P.O. Box 295 Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295 http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions.

NOTE 11: LITIGATION

The Commission is not involved in legal and administrative proceedings and claims of various types. While any litigation contains an element of uncertainty, Commission's management, based upon the opinion of the Commission's attorney, presently believe that the outcome of each such proceeding or claim which is pending or known to be threatened, or all of them combined, will not have a material effect on the Commission's financial position.

NOTE 12: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Commission is exposed to various risks of loss related to limited torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters.

Property and Liability Insurance – The Commission sponsored by the Borough of Spring Lake is a member of the Monmouth County Municipal Joint Insurance Fund (the "Fund"). This public entity risk pool is both an insured and self-administered group of municipalities established for the purpose of insuring against the above risks. The Fund will be self-sustaining through member premiums. The Fund participates in the Municipal Excess Liability Program which has a contract for excess liability insurance for property. The administration believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the Commission. Settled claims have not exceeded the insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance

The Commission has elected to fund its New Jersey Unemployment Compensation Insurance under the "Contributory Method. Under this plan, the Commission is required to remit an employer's match to the New Jersey Unemployment Trust Fund for benefits paid to its former employees and charged to its account with the State. The following is a summary of the employee and employer contributions for the current and prior two years:

Year Ended		Employee		Employer	Total
June 30,	C	ontributions	<u>C</u>	ontributions	Contributions
					
2022	\$	1,131.19	\$	594.11	\$ 1,725.30
2021		2,523.54		3,562.65	6,086.19
2020		1,916.74		3,170.43	5,087.17

NOTE 13: COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The Commission accounts for compensated absences (e.g. unused vacation and sick leave) as directed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 16 (GASB 16), "Accounting for Compensated Absences". A liability for compensated absences attributable to services already rendered and not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the employer and employee is accrued as employees earn the rights to the benefits.

Commission employees are granted varying amounts of vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Commission's personnel policy. Upon termination, employees are paid for accrued vacation and sick leave. The Commission's policy permits employees to accumulate unused vacation and sick leave and carry forward the amount to subsequent years. Upon retirement, employees shall be paid by the Commission for the unused vacation and sick leave in accordance with the Commission's agreements with the various employee unions.

The liability for vested compensated absences of the governmental fund types are recorded in the commission - wide statement of net position. As of December 31, 2022, a liability existed for compensated absences for governmental fund-types in the commission-wide statement of net position of \$65,931.58.

For additional descriptive information see Note 1, Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

NOTE 14: OFFICE SPACE LEASE

The Commission presently has a lease for its existing space that expires on October 31, 2023. The Commission has entered into an agreement to lease space from November 15, 2023 through November 30, 2030 at another location.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments:

December 31,	
2023	\$ 63,115.92
2024	43,878.00
2025	43,878.00
2026	43,878.00
2027	43,878.00
2028	40,221.50

The lease also includes an option to renew for five (5) additional years through November 15, 2033 at a stated rental fee.

NOTE 15: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Commission has evaluated subsequent events occurring after the financial statement date through October 2, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this evaluation, the Commission has determined that there were no subsequent events that needed to be disclosed.

NOTE 16: COVID-19 CORONAVIRUS PANDEMIC

The COVID-19 Coronavirus outbreak in the United States has caused the Governor of the State of New Jersey to mandate closures and a curfew for all nonessential citizens and businesses. The management of the Commission (which is essential) has evaluated the impact of the situation and has determined that there is no adverse impact on its December 31, 2022 financial statements. Management does not believe that there will be an adverse impact for the year ending December 31, 2023. A significant portion of the revenue to support the operations is through Member's municipal budgets and other.

NOTE 17: MAJOR MEMBERS - LOSS

The Commission was notified that three (3) its member municipalities have elected to withdraw from the Commission. The members who have advised that they are withdrawing at the end of December 31, 2022, represent \$444,611 or 40.98% of 2022 assessments.

The Commission derives its funding from member assessments and grant funding. In the event that further reduction in either member funding or grant funding occurs, it is possible that the Commission could significantly downsize or even discontinue operations. Many small communities (12) are served by the Commission who would have to obtain the service elsewhere. The Commission has introduced and is operating its 2023 operating budget and does not have the ability to levy taxes.



MONMOUTH COUNTY REGIONAL HEALTH COMMISSION #1 COUNTY OF MONMOUTH

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

GENERAL FUND BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	_	Adopted Budget	,	Final Budget		Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis See Note A at C-2	-	<u>J)</u>	Variance Final To Actual Unfavorable)
Revenues - Operating Fund:									
Member Town Assessments		814,225.92	\$	814,225,92		\$ 890,792.41		\$	76,566.49
Fees and Licenses		138,263.00		138,263.00		16,987.50			(121,275.50)
Clinics and Immunizations		4,680.00		4,680.00		2,659,00			(2,021.00)
Lead Meter Fund		2,900.00		2,900.00		-			(2,900.00)
Consortium Fees		97,849.00		97,849.00		60,537,25			(37,311.75)
Nursing Services		104,343.08	_	104,343.08		84,293.27			(20,049.81)
Operating Revenues		1,162,261.00		1,162,261.00		1,055,269.43			(106,991.57)
Interest Income	_	370.00		370.00		10,000.49			9,630.49
Total Operating Revenues	_	1,162,631.00		1,162,631.00		1,065,269.92			(97,361.08)
Total Revenues	_5	1,162,631.00	\$	1,162,631.00	_	\$ 1,065,269.92		\$	(97,361.08)
Expenditures Operating:									
Commissioners:									
Other Expenses	\$	1,100.00	\$	1,100.00	\$	1,006.80	\$		93,20
Administration:	-	-,	-	.,		,	·		
Salaries and Wages		209,278.00		168,278.00		165,941,88			2,336.12
Other Expenses		8,150.00		8,150.00		7,892.20			257.80
Finance:		0,,,,,,,,,,		0,100.00		, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Salaries and Wages		57,500.00		44,700.00		44,607.03			92.97
Other Expenses		29,000.00		43,100.00		47,574.58			(4,474.58)
Annual Audit		8000.00		8,000.00		7,500.00			500.00
Data Processing:		0000100		0,000.00		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Other Expenses		15,700.00		15,700.00		6,310.19			9,389.81
Legal:		10,700100		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		3,210111			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Other Expenses		27,600.00		133,600.00		129,309,40			4,290.60
Inspections:		27,000.00		100,000,000		,			,
Salaries and Wages		231,500.00		194,500.00		182,192.97			12,307.03
Other Expenses		6,250.00		6,250.00		2,325.74			3,924.26
Lead Services:		0,200.00		0,200100		_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			5,5 = 1.1=5
Other Expenses		200.00		200.00		15.98			184.02
Insurances:									
Liability Insurance		30,000.00		18,700.00		18,671.59			28.41
Group Health		118,609.00		118,609.00		66,900.73			51,708.27
Waiver of Health Benefits		5,000.00		5,000.00		5,000.00			-
Consortium		2,000,00		-		-,			
Salaries and Wages		45,000.00		45,000.00		43,999.92			1,000.08
Other Expenses		12,000.00		12,000.00		1,260.31			10,739.69
Clinics:		12,000,00		-		-,			,
Salaries and Wages		6,000.00		6,000.00		197.80			5,802.20
Other Expenses		25,800.00		25,800.00		9,804.00			15,996.00
Public Education:		25,000100		20,000.00		,,001,00			10,770.00
Other Expenses		2,800.00		2,800.00		_			2,800.00
Maintenance of Equipment:		2,000.00		_,000111					,=
Other Expenses		11,600.00		11,600.00		4,794.81			6,805.19
Buildings and Grounds:		11,000.00		11,500.00		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			0,000.10
Other Expenses		10,560.00		10,560.00		8,749.07			1,810.93
Veterinary Services:		10,500.00		10,500.00		5,7 15107			.,
Other Expenses		3,500.00		3,500.00		1,750.00			1,750.00
Outer Expenses		3,300.00		5,500100		.,,,,,,,,,,			-,0-00

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - BUDGETARY BASIS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Adopted Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts Budgetary Basis See Note A at C-2	Variance Final To Actual (Unfavorable)
Expenditures (Continued):				
Nursing:				
Salaries and Wages	\$ 67,000.00	\$ 67,000.00	\$ 66,163.19	\$ 836.81
Other Expenses	26,310.00	26,310.00	29,608.00	(3,298.00)
Other Expenses:	,	,	•	
Postage	3,000.00	3,000.00	888.08	2,111.92
Electric	4,500.00	4,500.00	4,371.91	128.09
Telephone	11,200.00	11,200.00	5,783.37	5,416.63
Water	450.00	450.00	-	450.00
Water Natural Gas	1,400.00	1,400.00	1,535.25	(135.25)
	9,000.00	9,000.00	1,756.63	7,243.37
Fuel	400.00	400.00	125.00	275.00
EZ Pass		3,500.00	125 00	3,500.00
Cable Service	3,500.00		-	500.00
Sewer Charges	500.00	500.00	72 700 40	2,290.60
Office Lease	76,000.00	76,000.00	73,709,40	
Contingent	500.00	500.00	2424100	500.00
Social Security	53,000.00	35,000.00	34,341.08	658.92
Public Employees Retirement System	132,026.00	132,026.00	132,026.00	-
Defined Contribution Retirement Plan	2,698.00	2,698.00		2,698.00
Other Employment Payroll Taxes	5,500.00	5,500.00	3,148.19	2,351.81
Total Operating Expenditures	1,262,131.00	1,262,131.00	1,109,261.10	152,869.90
Capital Expenditures:				65.00
Computer Equipment	500.00	500.00	435.00	65.00
Automobiles	12,000.00	12,000.00	11,109.79	890.21
Total Capital Expenditures	12,500.00	12,500.00	11,544.79	955,21
Subtotal of Expenditures	1,274,631.00	1,274,631.00	1,120,805.89	153,825.11
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (112,000.00)	\$ (112,000.00)	\$ (55,535.97)	\$ (56,464.03)
Non-Operating Revenues/(Expenses)			21.746.02	21 746 02
Miscellaneous Revenue			21,746.02 (14,140.41)	21,746.02 (14,140.41)
Miscellaneous/(Expenses)			(9,585,43)	(9,585.43)
Inventory Change			(5,565,45)	(5,505 15)
Fund Balance, January 1	535,399.36	535,399.36	535,399.36	
Fund Balance, December 31	\$ 423,399.36	\$ 423,399.36	\$ 477,883.57	\$ (54,484.21)
W				
Reconciliation of Budget	A 1100 (01 00			
Budgeted Revenue	\$ 1,162,631.00			
Budgeted Appropriations	1,274,631.00			
Fund Balance (Utilized)	\$ (112,000.00)			
Detail of Final Budget as Adopted		\$ 1,274,631.00		
Detail of Charges				
Cash			\$ 1,081,744.95	
Accounts Payable			39,060.94	
11000unio 1 ajuoto			\$ 1,120,805.89	
× ×				

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

BUDGET-TO-GAAP RECONCILIATION

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

Note A - Explanation of Differences between Budgetary Inflows and

Outflows and GAAP Revenues and Expenditures

		General <u>Fund</u>
Sources/Inflows of Resources:		
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation"		
from the budgetary comparison schedule (C-1)	\$	1,065,269.92
Differences - budget to GAAP:		
Miscellaneous Revenue from Non-Operating		
Sources not included in the Budgeted Revenue		None
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues,		
expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental		
funds (B-2)	\$	1,065,269.92
	_	
Uses/Outflows of Resources:		

Cheb, Cathour of franchis	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations"	
from the budgetary comparison schedule (C-1)	\$ 1,109,261.10
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
Inventory is expensed at the time of purchase for budgetary purposes	
but is expensed in the year utilized for financial reporting purposes.	None
Encumbrances for supplies and equipment ordered but not received	
is reported in the year the order is placed for budgetary purposes,	
but the year the supplies or equipment is received for financial	
reporting purposes - net change in encumbrances payable	 None
Total expenditures as reported on the Statement of Revenues,	
Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (B-2)	\$ 1,109,261.10

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY

SCHEDULE OF GRANT EXPENDITURES - ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

	_	Childhood Lead 2022-2023	Exposure Grant 2021-2022	2022-202	Pul	Strengthen Local blic Health Capacity 2021-2022	2020-2021	SLPH IDPG <u>Grant</u>	Vaccination Supplemental Fund Grant	Colts Neck COVID-19 Vaccine <u>Grant</u>	TOTAL
Salaries & Wages				\$ 34,776	14 \$	87,385.65	\$	12,202.00 \$	61,688.89	3,567.67 \$	199,620.35
Fringe Benefits			13,830.41	9,348	87	25,817.23 \$	100.36	2,222.81	5,507.35		56,827.03
Contracted Services	\$	12,824.89	69,487.16	1,653	87						83,965.92
Supplies		637.94	24,675.00	2,466	31	1,165.48	445.67		1,075.34		30,465.74
Equipment						11,307.17	2138.42				13,445.59
Professional Services						10,397.19			21,697.38		32,094.57
Other	_			2,370	24	560.00					2,930.24
	\$	13,462.83	107,992.57	\$ 50,615	43 \$	136,632.72 \$	2684.45 \$	14,424.81 \$	89,968.96	3,567.67 \$	419,349.44

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PART III

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE HEALTH COMMISSION'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABLITY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS) LAST TEN (10) YEARS

	Measurement Date Ended June 30,									
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	2020	2019	2018	<u>2018</u> <u>2017</u>		2015	2014	2013
Commission's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.011753399%	0.011273518%	0.012518859%	0.013800000%	0.013937290%	0.014725605%	0.013746056%	0.013708810%	0.014656127%	0,014693165%
Commission's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	1,773,750 00	1,335,517.00	2,041,498.00	2,487,026.00	2,744,183.00	3,427,885.00 \$	4,071,188.00 \$	3,077,353.00 \$	2,744,028.00	2,808,156.00
Commission's Covered - Employee Payroll	560,819.00	914,726,87	817,974.00	932,622.00	967,823.00 \$	3 1,009,758.00 \$	945,636.00 \$	906,812,00 \$	1,013,564.00	5 1,013,564.00
Commission's Proportionate Share Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered - Employee Payroll	316.28%	146.00%	249,58%	266,67%	283,54%	339,48%	430,52%	339,36%	270.73%	277,06%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	62.91%	70.32%	58.32%	56.27%	53.60%	48.10%	40.14%	47.93%	52,08%	48.72%

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE HEALTH COMMISSION'S CONTRIBUTIONS
PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS)
LAST TEN (10) YEARS

	Year Ended December 31,									
	2022	<u>2021</u>	2020	<u>2019</u>	2018	2017	<u>2016</u>	2015	<u>2014</u>	2013
Commission's Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 148,216.00 \$	132,026.00	S 136,950.00	\$ 134,259.00	\$ 138,631.00	\$ 136,417.00	\$ 122,118.00 \$	5 117,859.00 \$	120,823.00 \$	110,710.00
Commission's Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(148,216.00)	(132,026.00)	(136,950.00)	(134,259.00)	(138,631.00)	(136,417.00)	(122,118.00)	(117,859.00)	(120,823.00)	(110,710.00)
Commission's Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$\$		S	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	- \$	-
Commission's Covered - Employee Payroll	\$ 629,496.00 \$	914,726.87	826,166.00	\$ 866,931.00	\$ 943,108.00	\$ 984,012.00	\$ 1,016,802.00	982,078.00 \$	921,371.00 \$	992,543.00
Commission's Contribution as a Percentage of Covered - Employee Payroll	23,55%	14.43%	16.58%	15.49%	14.70%	13,86%	12.01%	12.00%	13,11%	11.15%

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS)

Changes in Benefit Terms - None

Changes in Assumptions - The discount rate was 7.00% as of June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022.

The inflation rate remained at 7.00% for both June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2022.

The investment rate of return remained at 2.75% as of June 30, 2022.

SCHEDULE OF THE HEALTH COMMISSION'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY STATE HEALTH BENEFITS LOCAL GOVERNMENT RETIRED EMPLOYEES PLAN LAST SIX (6) YEARS

	Measurement Date, June 30,							
	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2017		
Commission's proportion of the net OPEB Liability	0.0011294%	0.013264%	0.011516%	0,011625%	0.013518%	1,239100%		
Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability (asset)	\$ 1,823,935	\$ 2,387,491	\$2,066,732	\$1,574,731	\$2,117,813	\$2,529,720		
Commission's covered-employee payroll	629,496	991,340	914,727	866,931	943,108	984,012		
Commission's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	289,75%	240.83%	225.94%	181.64%	224.56%	257.08%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability (deficit)	(0.36%)	0.92%	0.28%	1.98%	1.97%	1.03%		

Note: Schedule is intended to show ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available.

SCHEDULE OF THE HEALTH COMMISSION CONTRIBUTIONS STATE HEALTH BENEFITS LOCAL GOVERNMENT RETIRED EMPLOYEES PLAN LAST FIVE (5) YEARS

	Measurement Date, June 30,							
	2022	2021	2020	<u>2019</u>	2018			
Contractually required contribution	\$2,288.16	\$1,855.32	\$2,285.70	\$2,285.70	\$1,128.95			
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$2,288.16	\$1,855.32	\$2,285.70	\$2,285.70	\$1,128.95			
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Commission's covered-employee payroll	\$629,496.00	\$991,340.00	\$914,726.87	\$866,931.00	\$943,108.00			
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.36%	0,19%	0.25%	0.26%	0.12%			

Note: Schedule is intended to show ten year trend. Additional years will be reported as they become available,

Exhibit RSI-6

MONMOUTH COUNTY REGIONAL HEALTH COMMISSION #1

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

State Health Benefits Local Government Retirement Employees Plan

Changes in Benefit Terms -

None

Changes in Assumptions -

The discount rate changed from 2.16% as of June 30, 2021 to 3.54% as of June 30, 2022.

COUNTY OF MONMOUTH, NEW JERSEY FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Financial Statement Findings

No financial statement findings noted that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance Findings and Questioned Costs

No federal or state award findings or questioned costs noted that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance or NJ OMB 15-08.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR'S AUDIT FINDINGS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2022

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2021:

There were no findings for the year ended December 31, 2021.